Peduncles puberulous, 5 to 1 in. long. Ripe fruit oblong-ovoid, smooth, crowned by the small circular calyx, 6 to 75 in. long when dry. Clarke in Hook. fil. Fl. Br. Ind. II, 747. Daphniphyllopsis capitata, Kurz For. Fl. I, 240; and in Journ. As. Soc. 1875, Pt. II, 201, with fig. Ilex daphniphylloides, Kurz in Journ. As. Soc 1870, Pt. II, 72. Agathisanthes javanica, Blume Bijd. 645; Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. I. Pt. I. 839. Ceratostachya arborea, Blume Bijd. 644; Miq. 1.c.

PERAK: at elevat. of 3,400 feet, Wray.—DISTRIB. Sumatra, Forbes 2880: Beccari (P.S.) 17, 335; Java; Trop. Eastern Himalaya; Khasia Hills.

IV.—Noviciæ Indicæ XIX. A new Indian Dendrobium.—By D. PRAIN. [Received February 26th; Read March 6th, 1902.]

Among the Orchids that flowered in the Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta, during 1901, one of the most beautiful was a *Dendrobium* that differs from any of the Indian species hitherto described. To be assured that the plant is in reality a previously unknown species a drawing from life has been compared with the material and drawings preserved in the great national collection at Kew. The following description of the plant is now therefore offered.

DENDROBIUM REGIUM Prain; caulibus erectis parum compressis; foliis oblongo-lanceolatis versus apicem oblique retusum vel incisum augustatis; floribus 2-3 pedunculo brevi subracemosis, pedunculis e caulis aphylli nodis orientibus; sepalis lineari-oblongis obtusis roseo-purpureis lineis rubro-purpureis notatis; petulis ellipticis roseo-purpureis lineis rubro-purpureis reticulatis; mento brevi lato; labio lituiformi aliquantum angustato, limbo roseo-purpureo lineis rubro-purpureis reticulato, glabro; tubo pallide flavo.

HAB. In provinciis Hindustaniæ inferioribus.

Stems 8-12 cm. long, 1.3 cm. thick; nodes 3 cm. apart. Leaves 8-40 cm. long, 1.5 cm. wide, tips distinctly obliquely notched. Peduncles 2 cm. and pedicels 4 cm. long; bracteoles adpressed, lanceolate, under 1 cm. long. Flowers 8 cm. across, magenta with darker lines and transverse markings; mentum 1.25 cm. long; sepals 1 cm. and petals 2.75 cm. wide; lip 4 cm. long.

This species is very nearly related to D. nobile Lindl. but is quite distinct from any of the known varieties of that somewhat variable species. In the nearly uniform coloration of the sepals and petals (though not in the colour itself) it approaches most closely the form of D. nobile distinguished and figured by Lindley, Sertum t. 18, as D. coerulescens. That plant, however, has a lip with purple throat and yellow margin; the present species has a cream-coloured tube and throat with a magenta limb coloured and marked like the petals and sepals. The lip of D. regium s, more over, narrower than in any form of D. nobile and is not pubescent.